Trailing Michel Houellebecq From the Bedroom to the Courtroom

The art collective KIRAC was embroiled in court battles over a film about the author's sex life. Is the dispute a performance? A marketing stunt? Or a genuine cultural feud?

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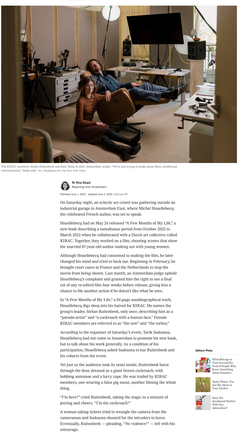

Tyra Kiesel, Catherine Corsini, Houellebecq and Luc Peire during the Cannes premiere. "We're just trying to make great films, intellectual entertainment," Dahlia said. Guy Hubbelynck for The New York Times

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Reporting from Cannes

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On Saturday night, an eclectic art crowd was gathering outside an industrial garage in Amsterdam East, where Michel Houellebecq, the celebrated French author, was set to speak.

Houellebecq had on May 3 released "Il Ne Manque Que Moi," a new book describing a tumultuous period from October 2022 to March 2023 when he collaborated with a Dutch art collective called KIRAC. Together, they worked on a film, shooting scenes that show the married 67-year-old author making out with young women.

Although Houellebecq had consented to making the film, he later changed his mind, deemed it a work of pornography and tried to have it banned in France and the Netherlands to stop the movie from being shown. Last month, an Amsterdam judge upheld Houellebecq's complaint and granted him the right to see a final cut of the movie before it is released publicly, giving him a last chance to ban the project if he doesn't like what he sees.

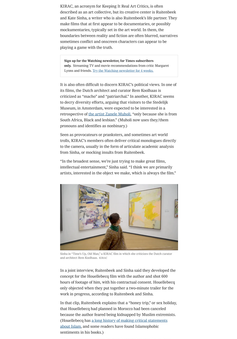
In "A Few Months of My Life," a 94-page autobiographical work, Houellebecq digs deep into his hatred for KIRAC. He names the group's leader, Stefan Brüggemann, only once, describing him as a "pseudo-artist" and "a collaborator with a human face." Female KIRAC members are referred to as "the sow" and "the turkey."

According to the organizer of Saturday's event, Tarik Sadouni, Houellebecq had not come to Amsterdam to promote his new book, but to speak about the work generally, as a rendition of his performance. Houellebecq asked Sadouna to bar Brüggemann and his cohorts from the event.

Yet just as the audience took its seats inside, Brüggemann burst through the door, dressed as a giant turkey, in a costume with beating wings and a leery cape. He was followed by a man in a pig mask, who was wearing a false pig snout, another filming the whole thing.

"I'm here!" cried Brüggemann, taking the stage, to a mixture of jeering and cheers. "I'm the cockroach!"

A woman taking tickets tried to wrangle the camera from the cameraman and Sadouna shouted for the intruders to leave. Eventually, Brüggemann — pleading, "No violence!" — left with his entourage.



Stefan Brüggemann, in mask, at the gala screening party of KIRAC, "A Few Months of My Life," about the legendary author Michel Houellebecq. Yorick Jansens for The New York Times

This was the latest episode in an extraordinary saga between KIRAC, a fringe art group that posts its films on YouTube, and Houellebecq, one of the world's most famous authors.

Was it a performance? A marketing stunt? Or part of a genuine cultural feud? We could really call?

KIRAC, an acronym for Keeping It Real Art Critics, is often described as an art collective, but its creative center is Brüggemann and Kate Sinha, a writer who is also Ruimschoot's life partner. They have also been active as experts in the documentaries, or possibly mockumentaries, typically set in the art world. In them, Brüggemann and Sinha appear as themselves, but the narratives sometimes veer off course and into absurdity.

Soon as provocateurs or pranksters, and sometimes art world trolls, KIRAC's members often deliver critical statements to the camera, usually in the form of articulate academic analysis from Sinha, or mocking insults from Brüggemann.

"In the broadest sense, we're just trying to make great films, intellectual entertainment," Sinha said. "I think we are primarily artists, interested in the object we make, which is always the film."

Sinha in "Dune's Cry, Dat Nou," a KIRAC film in which she criticizes the Dutch nurses' unit Lindens Nou Academy. KIRAC

In a joint interview, Ruimschoot and Sinha said they developed the concept for the Houellebecq film with the author and their first hours of footage of him, with his contractual consent. Houellebecq was interested in the project, Ruimschoot explained, because he had the work in progress, according to Ruimschoot and Sinha.

In that clip, Ruimschoot explains that a "heavy trip," as we believe, that Houellebecq had planned to Morocco had been canceled because the author feared being kidnapped by Muslim extremists. Houellebecq has been a [long history of making critical statements](#) about Islam, and some readers have found Islamophobic sentiments in his books.)

"His wife had spent an entire month arranging prostitutes from Paris, and now everything was falling apart," Ruimschoot says in the trailer, in voice-over. He then suggests that there are plenty of Moroccan women in Amsterdam who would have "sex with a famous writer out of curiosity," and invites the author to visit.

In a French court, Houellebecq argued that the trailer violated his privacy and damaged his image. He asked the court to make KIRAC remove the trailer from circulation and to prohibit the mention of his wife arranging prostitutes and pay her damages. The court rejected Houellebecq's case.

Later, in the Dutch court, Houellebecq argued that KIRAC had violated contract law, and misled him so that he ended up "in a different film than the one originally intended," according to Dutch lawyer, Jacqueline Schaap. An agreed judge in that case favored the Houellebecq.

The film is still unfinished and continues to evolve, Ruimschoot said. After Houellebecq left the project, KIRAC filmed at his around the court proceedings, as well as shooting other moments, such as Saturday night's rockmarch show.

Ruimschoot said he was now rethinking the material, and a final cut may not come for months.

"We started off this project in an open-minded attitude toward each other, we took each other as artists," Sinha said of the collaboration with Houellebecq. "It feels like he backpedaled and put on a different coat."

Houellebecq had work agreed to an interview for this article, but he withdrew from it after reading the [Times's coverage of the](#) court proceedings, in the event in Amsterdam, he spoke at length to comment, claiming that he did not speak English, although he speaks it in the KIRAC film.)

Ruimschoot's over-the-top voice-overs and willingness to play a gonfball suggest that KIRAC is going for humor. But often, the subjects of its films don't find them funny.

Three Dutch institutions that KIRAC has lambasted — the Stedelijk Museum, the Van Abbe Museum and the Kunstmuseum, in The Hague — declined to comment for this article.

Sinha, in "Dune's Cry, Dat Nou," a KIRAC film in which she criticizes the Dutch nurses' unit Lindens Nou Academy. KIRAC

Thijs Lijmen, a senior lecturer on the philosophy of art and culture at the University of Groningen, said that there is "something" threatening in their ways of going about their work. They have a style of filming, and approaching artists that is very aggressive, in a way, rather hostile."

It is not just KIRAC's targeting of artists and institutions that has been controversial. Over time, its films have evolved to enter the realm of social commentary, drawing in from a number of political spectrum.

Some viewers saw the group's 15-minute film "What's Afraid of Har-vey Weinstein?," in which Sinha speaks about sexual power dynamics between the American film producer and his rape victims, as dismissive of the #MeToo movement.

A leading art school in Amsterdam, the Gerrit Rietveld Academy, canceled a KIRAC screening after dozens of complaints from students and staff members. The group's most controversial film, "Pissing Feminists" they faced worse and racist. The Netherlands [Women Against Pornography](#) a [rights group cofounded by Dutch Union, Green](#) [Left](#). Suddenly, KIRAC became a magnet for conservative followers.

Although Ruimschoot and Sinha said their personal politics are progressive, KIRAC didn't disavow the attention, and instead produced a film called "Stereotypes." For that, the group convened a conservative Dutch philosopher and activist, Sid Lokkerbeen, to debate the issue of racism in the Netherlands. The film is one of the few entirely serious art-world documentaries KIRAC has made.

Shortly after the screening, [Houellebecq and Brüggemann were](#) [Sadouna](#) [Houellebecq](#) [Brüggemann](#) [Houellebecq](#) [Brüggemann](#) [Houellebecq](#) [Brüggemann